

Subject Area: Maths Subject Lead: Laura Thompson

Area of Need	Quality First Teaching	Subject specific	Classroom adaptations
Cognition and Learning	- pre-teach vocabulary / key conceptsuse prior knowledge to introduce new learning -teach key points and keep revisiting -check understanding -model examples -visual aids -scaffolding – writing prompts, frames -clear and simple instructions, -explicit language used -chunk up activities into small steps -direct questioning with time given for processing -talk / buddy partners, -model mistake making as part of the learning process, -provide visual signals, -talk times, -alternatives to writing, -opportunities for over learning, -copy of IWB slides as handouts -coloured paper / screens / overlays -extra time given or content reduced -study packs where applicable -read text to the learner -uncluttered worksheets -advance warning of questions being asked- opportunities for direct and practical activities	- A clearly shared focus of the lesson at the beginning through teacher explanation rather than simply displayed on the board in words. - Recap the meaning of key vocabulary and display on working wall. - Activities based on a range of CPA appropriate to the focus. - Concrete apparatus and visual models used to engage and make concepts explicit. - Adapted equipment where needed (eg. adapted scissors, grippy rulers, etc - Relate as much of the lesson content to real life. - Lots of time to discuss and talk. - Written calculations – squares to support clear layout - Where worksheets are used from the WR resources/teachers flipcahrts, they can be adapted by enlarging, simplifying or copying onto coloured paper.	- A clear visual display of the focus for maths block. Ensure CPA added where appropriate. STEM sentences displayed when neededOrganised and labelled environment for all resourcesReduce background noise and activity - A calm environment is needed for class discussions to take place in maths and to carry out complex calculations or reasoning tasks.



	Prepare learner for new concepts prior to the	-Have visuals on the board to make the concepts explicit.	-Use of personalised support tools e.g. ear defenders,
	lesson	- Establish a calm start to the lesson and keep	quiet area, exit strategy, timer, feeling ZOR flashcards.
	-Visual aids or prompts	the structure the same each session e.g. Flashbacks, anchor	- Mindful toolkit items such as a journal can be
Communication	-Set clear definable goals	problem, small step variation etc.	used as an option for children who need to be
and Interaction	-Chunk work into small steps,	- Relate as much as possible to individuals in discussions in order	doing something alongside listening to a class
	-Step by step guides,	to engage and maintain attention.	discussion taking place.
_	-Calm time / brain / movement breaks	- Allow children to move to challenge work when ready.	
ASD	-Quiet working space		
	=Clear routines		
	-Short, simple instructions,		
	Direct questions – name first.		
	-Advance warning of changes,		
	-Structured, consistent approach,		
	-Link to personalised interests if possible		
	-Direct conversations back to focus of work		
	-Immediate reward system,		
	-Element of choice if possible		
	-Distraction / humour techniques as		
	appropriate to child.		



Emotional, Social & Mental Health	Teach new vocabulary prior to the lesson -Vocabulary bank, word wall, -Cued listening -Clear instructions given in small steps -Repeat instructions -Processing time, -Directed questions, -Visual signals to check understanding -Talk partners, -Scaffolding, Model correct use of language, Talk / writing frames, Extra time, -Modelling, prompting and reinforcing language, -Practical, visual demonstration -Opportunities for learning through direct experience, -Over learning and repetition of key concepts and language	- Make lessons relevant and as interactive as possible Any discussions taking place need to do so in a calm, quiet manner. If a child is struggling then have adapt content to there needs-look at ways to make it accessible if plans aren't working Have key support staff on hand to discuss any - Agree a way for any child to indicate they need time out or a quiet space to work.	Calm area Fidget toys Use of timers Manage the immediate environment to reduce distraction and potential for conflict or disruption Quiet space to work if needed.
Sensory and Physical	Use of audiological equipment -Visual aids -ICT equipment -Cue and reinforce listening and attention skills -Check understanding by reinforcing and repeating instructions, -Pre-teaching where necessary, -Subtitles if needed, -Speak clearly and a normal speed Ensure pupils speak one at onceHandouts -Verbal instructions as well as written, -Tactile experiences, -Support aids -Sloping desk, -Grippy rulers,	-Adapted equipment for maths can include enlarged resources, grippy rulers, adapted scissors, etc -CPA approach -Bluetooth mics, split screens on ipads etc as required by individual pupils.	Use of visualiser to model where needed. Consider teaching outside if appropriate to lesson.



-Adapted tools	

IPM targets MUST be referred to when planning learning, whatever the subject area.

Subject planning needs to take into account:

- -what knowledge do learners need to know?
- -where is vocabulary and language explicitly taught?
- -what will progression look like?